

MUTINY GROWING RIFE IN RUSSIA

Supreme Crisis In The Country's History Is Believed To Be At Hand.

AUSTRIA AND GERMANY ALLIED

With The Czar Will Send Armed Forces Into Poland In Case Nicholas Finds It Impossible To Control Situation There.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
St. Petersburg, July 18.—Though the strike of the police and gendarmes resulting from the dishonesty of officials has been settled and the officers have returned to their beats, the spirit of mutiny is rife over a wide area and dispatches from the interior continue to tell, without interruption, stories of the burning of manor-houses, robberies and murders. From several points have come reports of collisions between the peasants and rural guards accompanied by heavy calls for troops. The center of the peasant uprising is Voronezh province, where the inhabitants in their frenzied attempts to destroy property do not discriminate between friends and enemies.

Supreme Crisis at Hand
The supreme crisis in Russia is believed to be at hand. Events must soon transpire which will result either in the perpetuation of absolutism in Russian or the changing of the map of Europe.

According to the reports the Czar has at last, after weeks of swinging from one extreme to the other, decided that he cannot grant the reforms demanded by the people and has decided that arbitration of physical force shall be appealed to. He has, through Gens. Trepoff, Kaulbars, and other leaders of the official military class, canvassed the officers of the army and has decided that they can be depended on if it should come to a clash with the people, and so he has decided that from now on the wishes of the Czar and his wishes alone, shall be consulted. This means, should the rumors be true, that the doomsday will soon be dissolved and that the new cabinet will represent more than over the wishes of the governing class and disregard the demands of the people already made through the doomsday.

Neighboring Nations to Intervene
Paris, July 18.—The Journal today asserts that a recent interview between the Emperors of Austria-Hungary and Germany it was decided, in event of an outbreak of a revolution in Russia, that Germany and Austria would intervene in Poland with armed forces in case Emperor Nicholas finds it impossible to control the situation there. The paper says that this understanding amounts to a regular policy of alliance between the three Emperors.

Goremykin Ministry to Remain
St. Petersburg, July 18.—It is learned today that the Emperor has requested the members of the Goremykin cabinet to retain their posts.

GUARDIAN FAILED TO FILE HIS PETITION

Chicagoan Who Years for the Prison Cell, Is Unable to Reach Ears of Supreme Court.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
Washington, D. C., July 18.—Louis A. Gourdain, alleged Chicago, and New Orleans lottery dealer who, in seeking by means of a writ of mandamus to frustrate the efforts of his attorneys to keep him out of the penitentiary at Joliet, made an unsuccessful effort today to file his petition in the supreme court of the United States. Gourdain's petition seeks a mandamus directed to Judge Grosscup of the United States district court at Chicago, ordering to set aside the supersedeas granted, and that the supersedeas be set aside, and that the United States immediately to send Gourdain to the penitentiary at Joliet. It is believed that his mission will surely fail. His petition only can be passed upon by the full court, which has adjourned until Oct. 8, and it cannot even be filed with the clerk of the court, because, being an original action, permission of the court is necessary in order to file it. Gourdain, when told of this, said he was going to New York to present his petition to Justice Peckham. "If the petition should be granted," he said last night, "I will hurry back and re-enter the penitentiary. If it is denied, I will hurry back and build my model prison under the walls of the penitentiary."

CENTRAL AMERICAN WAR ENDED TODAY

Armistice Between Guatemala and Salvador Went Into Effect at 5 A. M.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
Washington, D. C., July 18.—The armistice between the warring Central American republics—Guatemala and Salvador—went into effect at 6 o'clock this morning. Fighting ceased at daylight.

CAPT. YATES OF THE 14TH CAVALRY DEAD

Succumbed Today to Fracture of Skull Resulting From Being Thrown by Horse.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
Boise Idaho, July 18.—Captain William Yates of the Fourteenth Cavalry, who yesterday sustained a fracture of the skull as the result of being thrown from a horse, died today.

French Idea of Englishman
In "Chaine Anglaise," a play recently produced in Paris, the French idea of an Englishman is shown. He speaks French with an awful accent, ends every sentence with "all right," and when he is introduced to a lady does not remove his traveling cap from his head or his pipe from his mouth.

Few Newspapers in Africa
Only 240 newspapers are printed in the whole continent of Africa.



Between \$85,000,000 and \$400,000,000 is spent each year in Europe by American tourists.—News Item. Commercial Europe—What would we do if it was not for those Americans?

AS ARCHITECTS OF NEW STATE HOUSE

Geo. B. Post & Sons of New York Will Begin Work on the West Wing at Once.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Madison, Wis., July 18.—Work on the new capitol building of Wisconsin, to cost when completed some \$5,000,000, will be started this summer, beginning on the new west wing. The capitol commission has chosen George B. Post & Sons of New York as the architects. The award has been made on the recommendation of Architect Burnham of Chicago, creator of the main architectural features of the World's Columbian exposition of Chicago in 1893. Low T. Porter of Madison was elected secretary to the commission at a salary of \$3,500 a year. He is a prominent architect here and has been advising the commission in the preliminary plans. The new York architects will receive a commission of five per cent of the aggregate cost of the new capitol. An entire new statehouse is contemplated and plans for such are secured, but it will not be completed for perhaps ten years, as parts of the present capitol are deemed tenable for some years yet. The east and west wings, burned out by the fire of three years ago, will be completed within the next three years. For the commencement of the work the legislature has appropriated \$500,000.

VIRGINIA TOBACCO DURING PAST WEEK

Washington, D. C., July 18.—All interest now centers on the new crop in the Virginia tobacco regions, reports from which indicate that an average yield will be realized this season. Very seasonable weather has prevailed of late and has been a great source of encouragement to the planters. Nearly all of the old crop has been disposed of, but what little remains is of the undesirable type, which, however, has brought good prices.

Favorable reports of the growing crop are received from Lynchburg, Va., in which market 33,200 pounds of tobacco were received during the past week.

The outlook for the new crop at South Boston, Va., has improved considerably of late, owing to the favorable weather conditions. The shortage of labor is being keenly felt at this time, but the planters look forward to an average crop, and sufficient hands to handle it.

The prospects of the new crop at Durham, N. C., have been brightened by the seasonable weather which has prevailed during the past two weeks and they are looking forward to an average crop. All of the old crop has been disposed of in this vicinity.

Very few transactions in tobacco on the Richmond, Va., market have been noted of late, which indicates that the old crop has been cleared up. The receipt of brights has been moderate, with the market quiet and firm. There have been light receipts of sun cured, with an active market. The stock being offered is not very desirable, but is bringing good prices. Lugs and fillers are being taken at satisfactory prices.

TRUST PROBE CAUSE OF MUCH INTEREST

Government Carrying on Investigation in Tennessee, Kentucky and Virginia.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Nashville, Tennessee, July 17.—The investigation being conducted by the federal grand jury here into the operations of tobacco companies is causing much interest throughout the tobacco sections of the South. The investigation is being conducted into the operations of the "trust" if such exists, particularly as those operations affect the growing of leaf tobacco in Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia and other tobacco-growing states. Fifteen tobacco men from Tennessee and other states have been examined by the grand jury up to date and it is thought others will be called. The government is represented in the investigation by District Attorney A. M. Tillman, and Assistant District Attorney Lee Brock. Henry W. Taft, brother of the secretary of war, Felix H. Levy and Edwin P. Grosvenor, all of New York, are assisting the district attorney and his assistants. The law firm of Platts & McConico represent some of the tobacco interests, and these are the only attorneys on the other side who have appeared.

WHAT ARGENTINA'S REVENUES TOTAL TO

Tobacco Tax Amounted to Fourteen Million, Five Hundred Thousand During 1905.

Washington, D. C., July 17.—Consul General Cole at Buenos Aires, in reporting on the internal revenue returns of the Argentine Republic in 1905, says the tobacco tax produced \$2,500,000 for native grown and about \$2,000,000 for imported tobacco, an excess over 1904 of nearly \$1,000,000. The total number of establishments, he places at about one hundred million. The plantations produced more than eight thousand tons of tobacco, of which 6,000 were used for the manufacture of cigars, cigarettes and pipe tobacco. The total amount imported was slightly less than three thousand tons. One hundred and eighty-six million packets of cigarettes were made up; 238,000,000 cigars, four million packets of cut tobacco and 250 tons of leaf tobacco. The first quarter of 1906 shows an increase of nearly \$500,000 over the corresponding period of 1905.

THAW'S SANITY TO BE INVESTIGATED

Assertion Made That Slayer of Stanford White Will Never Be Tried on Murder Charge.

New York, July 18.—The World says: Harry Thaw will never be placed on trial for the murder of Stanford White. An application will be made for the appointment of a commission to inquire into his sanity. There is no doubt that he will be declared insane and sent to the hospital for the criminal insane at Matteawan.

District Attorney Jerome is not expected to interpose any serious objection to the appointment of a commission to inquire into Harry Thaw's sanity.

Some of the attorneys retained by the district attorney have reported to him their belief that Thaw is mentally irresponsible.

Many friends of Stanford White have asked the district attorney to consent to such a disposition of the case rather than have the notoriety of a trial.

Man Killed in Lumber Camp
Alpena, Mich., July 18.—One man was killed and four seriously injured by a log roll in Bigelow's lumber camp near Alpena.

Bridge Blocked by Hay
Yesterday afternoon a load of hay was overturned on the Fourth Avenue bridge and traffic was blocked for nearly an hour.

LADY CURZON DIED TODAY IN LONDON

Was a Sister of the Millionaire, Joseph Leiter of Chicago—Married to Viceroy in 1895.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
London, July 18.—Lady Curzon of Kedleston, wife of former viceroy of India, the Rt. Hon. George Nathaniel Curzon, daughter of the millionaire, the late Levi Leiter, and sister of Joseph Leiter of Chicago, is dead. She was born May 27, 1870, and married Lord Curzon April 22, 1895. There are three children.

Queer Place for Bird's Nest
In the pocket of a discarded waistcoat a wren built her nest and hatched out her eggs at East Mills, Fordingbridge, Hampshire, England.

If you want, read the want ads.

SILENCE OF LA FOLLETTE FILLS THEM WITH DREAD

Lenroot Men Grow More And More Restless As Time Passes And He Does Not Speak.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Madison, Wis., July 18.—Political workers in the camp of Senator Robert M. La Follette are worrying over his delay in speaking out publicly in favor of the nomination of Speaker L. L. Lenroot of Superior as the republican candidate for governor. Some of the lieutenants of the senator are complaining that this delay in taking the stump for Lenroot is disastrous and that every day sees the organization of Governor Davidson grow more and more formidable until his friends declare he has the nomination "hands down." Assuredly the executive office is a place of unlimited confidence. Private Secretary O. G. Munson, member of the state senate, declares that "the game is won" and that even should Senator La Follette now take the stump for Lenroot, the present governor would secure the votes in the primary election necessary to place him on the republican state ticket. One of the most pleasing developments to the Davidson people has been the announcing yesterday of the candidacy of Attorney J. A. Ayward of Madison for the democratic nomination for governor. He is a corporation attorney of prominence and will make a strenuous contest for the nomination against Senator Ernest Merton of Waukesha, an anti-corporation member of the legislature, so-called a La Follette democrat. The effect of this contest, the Davidson people believe, will be to keep the democrats in their own camp, so that Speaker Lenroot will not have the benefit of a large number of democrats who usually follow Senator La Follette. It was announced that the shortly after the close of congress Senator La Follette would make a series of speeches in favor of Lenroot, but plans have been changed and it is known that as the result of recent conferences in the senator's office here he will make no speeches for a week to come, and possibly not at all on the Wisconsin political situation before the primaries in September.

GOVERNOR FOLK RAPS MAIL ORDER CITIZEN

Says Buy At Home, And Advises Retail Merchants Of Missouri To Advertise Liberally In Newspapers.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
Jefferson City, Mo., July 18.—Governor Joseph Folk, in addressing the retail merchants of Missouri at their convention here yesterday, spoke against the mail order business, and strongly favored advertising in the town papers.

Spend Money Where Made.
He said in part: "I do not believe in the mail order citizen. If any place is good enough for a man to live in and make his money in, it is good enough for him to spend his money in."

Build Payers To Build Town.
No merchant can succeed without advertising in one way or another. Patronize your own papers, build them up, and they will build your town up and build you up an increased trade and greater opportunity.

HOLD LAWYER FOR MURDER

Former Counsel of Woman Is Held by Coroner.

Peculiar Transaction in Which Every One Profited But the Victim Basis for Official Action.

New York, July 18.—Burton W. Gibson, formerly counsel for Mrs. Alice Kinan, who was mysteriously murdered on the night of June 8 in the home, in the Bronx, occupied by her mother, Mrs. L. M. Stenton, and herself, was committed to the Tombs Tuesday night by order of Coroner McDonald in default of \$25,000 bail.

This action followed the close of the coroner's inquest, when the jury brought in a verdict that Mrs. Kinan was murdered by a person or persons unknown, and recommended that Gibson be held for examination by the grand jury.

Gibson himself occupied the stand during the greater part of the day's session. He said that Mrs. Stenton engaged him to defend squatter proceedings which had been instituted against her property and establish her right to the title. After prolonged litigation the property was sold in September, 1905, for \$65,000, ostensibly to Archibald M. McFarland, but in reality to Gibson, and nine months later was resold for \$90,000. Of the profit Gibson admitted \$20,000 was to go to himself and the remainder to his father, McFarland, and John Kelly who were associated in the deal.

It appeared that the only money received by Mrs. Stenton was \$6,000 given to her by a lawyer, Ashton, who acted with Gibson in the legal proceedings.

Gibson admitted that after the murder he had visited the Stenton house and had removed certain documents and articles of value. This he claimed he had a right to do and declared that he had notified the police at that time.

PHILADELPHIA TO WELCOME THE ELKS

Chosen as the 1907 Convention City at Session of Grand Lodge in Denver Today.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
Denver, Colo., July 18.—Philadelphia is the city chosen by the Grand Lodge of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks today, as the convention city for next year. Officers chosen yesterday were:

Grand exalted ruler—Henry A. Melvin, Oakland, Calif.

Grand esteemed leading knight—R. L. Quesser, Zanesville, O.

Grand esteemed loyal knight—Edward McLaughlin, Boston.

Grand esteemed lecturing knight—W. W. MacClellan, Pittsburg.

Grand trustee—Dr. W. H. Haviland, Butte, Mont.

Grand secretary—Fred C. Robinson, Dubuque, Ia.

Grand treasurer—John K. Tener, Charleroi, Pa.

There were 1,285 delegates to the Grand Lodge, present, this being the second largest meeting ever held.

TAKING A SNOOZE BEHIND THE BUMPER

That's What a Venturesome Tramp Was Doing When Car Was Pushed Over and Onto His Pillow.

Last evening between the hours of five and six a tramp, whose name was not learned and who gave his age to be seventy-one years, stopped in the North Western yards, near the YD tower to rest while waiting for free passage to Madison. The bundle which he carried down in a red bandana handkerchief and his coat laid out bumper at the end of a track served as a couch and he proceeded to take a nap. The switch engine which was working in the yard gave an empty car an extra hard push and raised it over the wood bumper, but did not happen to catch the sleeper, whose head was resting on it. So close were the wheels to the man's head that the coat and bundle were caught underneath them, where those who have witnessed the sight wonder at the old gentleman's escape. It is thought that he heard the crash in time to raise his head just as the wheels went over the cloth used as a head rest.

CHILDREN OF MARY WILL ENJOY OUTING TOMORROW
Society of St. Patrick's Church Will Journey to Harlem Park on Two Special Interurban Cars.

Tomorrow the Society of the Children of Mary of St. Patrick's church will enjoy its annual outing. Harlem Park, near Rockford, is to be the scene of the festivities and two interurban cars chartered for the trip will leave the local station at eight o'clock in the morning. It is anticipated that from 115 to 130 will attend.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DENTISTRY

Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.

DR. KENNEDY

Tallman Bldg., Over Badger Drugstore.

JESSE EARLE

Attorney at Law

Rooms 17-18 Sutherland Bldg.
Janesville, Wis.

CORYDON G. DWIGHT, M.D.

207 Jackson Bldg.
Practice Limited to

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

Consultation from 9 to 12 and 2 to 5
and by appointment.

New Phone 830. Old Phone 2762.

E. F. & J. V. NORCROSS

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

701-4 Marquette Building.
Long Distance Phone, Central 4772.

J. J. CUNNINGHAM,

LAWYER.

No. 215 Hayes Block.
Janesville, Wis.

THE "RACKET"

When you go camping or to
the Chautauqua don't forget to

**Come and Talk With
US.**

Camp Stools 25c
Covered Lunch Baskets, 6
sizes 10 to 25c
Lunch Boxes, 2 kinds, 10 & 15c
Umbrellas 50c & \$1
Japanese Fans 5 & 10c
Palm Leaf Fans 3 for 5c
Common Knives and Forks,
set 50c
Collapsing Cups 10c

"THE RACKET"

163 West Milwaukee St.

Janesville

Red Brick Works

Manufacturers of guaran-
teed red brick, suitable for all
kinds of building. Best for
chimneys, foundations, walks,
cisterns, &c. Come and see
us.

JANESVILLE

RED BRICK WORKS

FRED FREESE, Prop.

Phone 498-3 W. Pleasant St.

100 PER CENT
PURE
ICE CREAM.

There may be other pure Ice
Cream besides ours, we don't
know. But we do know ours
is pure.

Wholesale price, 65c gal., 25c
at. packed. Three kinds—
Strawberry, Maple and Vanilla.
Call by phone.

Ice Cream Soda, 5c; sundae, 5c.

FORZLY BROS.

Electric Theatre

33 S. Main St.

High Class Life Mo-
tion Pictures.

Parrot's Revenge.

A Strenuous Wedding
Life Reversed.

Maiden sport as do the men,
and the men caring for the
babes and attending household
duties.

ADMISSION, 5c

ELECTRICAL
CONTRACTORS.

We do all kinds of electrical
wiring, motor work, electrical
repair work, and will do it
promptly and at a reasonable
price.

103 Court Street.

WEATHER BULLETIN
FOR THE PAST WEEK

Climatological Report of Wisconsin
From Weather Bureau in Agri-
cultural Department.

The weather during the week end-
ing July 16, averaged warm and dry
for the state as a whole but there
were some moderately heavy local
thunderstorms in the central and
southwestern portions. The continued
fair weather with abundant sunshine
has been very favorable for outdoor
work, but the soil is becoming very
dry in many sections and growing
plants are in need of good soaking
rains.

The week opened with generally
clear and warm weather. There were
a few light showers in the central
portion of the state on Monday after-
noon, and local showers in the south-
ern portion during Tuesday. The
temperature was somewhat lower by
Tuesday evening but became moder-
ately high again Wednesday. During
Thursday, Friday and Saturday the
weather was warm and unsettled with
local showers in central and western
sections on Thursday afternoon and
night and light showers in nearly all
parts of the state during Saturday or
Sunday night. The weather was
partly cloudy and much cooler during
Sunday and Sunday night.

The mean temperature for the week
averaged about normal in the central
section, slightly above normal in the
southeastern portion and below normal
in the extreme northwest portion. The
lowest temperature occurred at most
stations on the morning of the 11th,
when it ranged from 53 degrees to
63 degrees, and the highest occurred
on the 10th in the southern section and
on the 12th and 13th in the northern
and central sections, several stations
reporting temperatures of 90 degrees
or above on those days.

The precipitation was very unevenly
distributed but was generally heaviest
in the northern and central part of
the state, and lightest in the south-
eastern and west-central sections.

FAIRBANKS-MORSE
MAN GETS PATENT

R. W. Bishop, patent attorney,
Washington, D. C., reports the issue
of the following patents on the 16th
instant to residents of Wisconsin.

\$25,301. Hydro-pneumatic press, E.
D. Coddington, North Milwaukee.

\$25,315. Drag-saw, Frank, Hama-
chek, Kewanee.

\$25,335. Typewriter, Edna, McAr-
thur and A. L. Rossmann, Milwaukee.

\$25,365. Acetylene gas generator,
W. H. White, Kenosha, assignor to
one-half to B. F. Windsor, same place.

\$25,415. Colored wire fabric ma-
chine, W. J. Pine, Oshkosh, assign-
or to Pine-Brig Machine Co., same
place.

\$25,427. Vehicle heater, C. A.
Snowden, Beaver Dam.

\$25,461. Combination implement,
G. A. Hasseler, Vesper.

\$25,463. Box fastener, E. F. Hul-
bert, Kenosha, assignor of one-half to
L. C. Brooks, same place.

\$25,468. Chain-hook, Gustav Ker-
lin, Crandon, assignor of one-half to
H. F. Landeck, same place.

\$25,520. Traction engine, George
Curt, Poynette.

\$25,545. Dredging and conveying
apparatus, S. L. G. Knox, Milwaukee
and Walter Ferris, South Milwaukee.

\$25,540. Excavator, W. E. Magie,
South Milwaukee, assignor to The
Bucyrus Company, same place.

\$25,574. Paper reel, Ernest Ober-
deck, Grand Rapids.

\$25,577. Return line for stoves, F.
W. Moldenhauer, Oconomowoc, and
Louis Dornfeld, Watertown.

\$25,570. Pipe case, N. E. Neu-
stadt, Milwaukee.

\$25,777. Fireproof door, E. B.
Toussien, Milwaukee.

\$25,815. Power transmitting gear,
S. B. Farham, Racine, assignor to
National Mfg. & Mailing Co., same
place.

\$25,822. Revolving chair, John
Gillon, Jr., Port Washington, assign-
or to Gilson Mfg. Co., same place.

\$25,824. Molding machine, Stanton
Griff, Beloit.

EXCURSIONISTS ON
ELECTRIC LINE MANY

Lady Forresters at Harlem Park and
Christ Church Sunday School Chil-
dren at Ho-Ne-Gah.

There were three excursions to
downriver resorts on the Rockford,
Beloit and Janesville electric line to-
day. The company had a reduced
rate to Harlem Park and a goodly
number took advantage of the day
and fare. The joint picnic of St. Pat-
rick's and St. Mary's courts, Women's
Catholic Order of Foresters, was held
at the same place. A hundred and
fifty or more were on this outing.
And the annual picnic of the Christ
Church Sunday school was held at
Ho-Ne-Gah park. More than a
hundred enjoyed the day there. Spe-
cial cars were run at different hours
this morning and the return trips
will be made on specials this even-
ing.

Special Train, Excursion to Madison
and Return Tuesday, July 24.

For the "Mystic Workers' picnic at
Madison, July 24th, the C. & N. W.
P. Ry. will run a special train to
Madison and return. Special train
will leave Janesville at 8:00 a. m.
Round-trip tickets, only \$1.20, good
going and returning on special and
all regular trains of July 24th. For
details apply to the C. & N. W. P.
Ry. ticket agent.

LODGE MEETINGS TONIGHT

Olive Lodge No. 27, Degree of Hon-
or, at hall.

St. Patrick's Court No. 313, W. C.
O. F. at Foresters' hall.

Interior Freight Handlers at
Trades' Council hall.

How hard it is to do easy things in
hard ways and how easy to do hard
things in easy ways—such as the

INTERURBAN MEN GO
TO AID OF CLOUGH

Burt C. Slater of Janesville and Su-
perintendent, Stowell, Resign
From R. & I. Service.

To aid him in the accomplishment
of the Janesville-Madison electric rail-
way, H. H. Clough has secured the
services of two experienced members
of the project. H. H. Clough
has secured the services of two
experienced members of the
Rockford and Interurban com-
pany's staff—Burt C. Slater and E. B.
Stowell. Both have given in their
resignations and will enter the ser-
vice of Mr. Clough shortly. Mr. Slater
is a well-known Janesville boy, son
of Mrs. Anna Slater, 112-Madison
street, and his numerous friends here
will rejoice in his advancement. He
has been in the Beloit office of the
interurban company about a year and
since the change in ownership this
spring, has had complete charge
there. Mr. Stowell has been superin-
tendent of the interurban line for
about two years and has given good
service. He will have charge of the
surveying of the Janesville-Madison
line, work on which has been in pro-
gress for two weeks. Both these men
have worked with Mr. Clough and
that he should choose them for re-
sponsible positions is a compliment
of which they may be proud.

TWENTY-FIVE GO TO
DELAVER TOMORROW

Y. M. C. A. Junior Outing Party Go
in Camp—Eighteen Are
Members.

Twenty-two young men and boys,
eighteen of whom are members of
the Junior department, will go to De-
lavan tomorrow for the annual camp
outing of the Y. M. C. A. Juniors.
The party departs at 11:20 o'clock
over the St. Paul road. The boys
will remain at the lake until the
twenty-eighth and no doubt every day
will be filled with the best kind of
fun. The party will be in charge of
Secretary J. A. Kline, Physical Direc-
tor J. A. Ward, Arthur Clark and
Fred Wilkerson. Mr. Wilkerson will
not join the company until Monday.
The boys who will go are George
Yahn, Allen Dunwiddie, Joe Oliver,
Sidney Bostwick, Clarence Foster,
Norman Milliken, Gordon Milliken,
Lewis French, Harold Russell, Thar-
mar Sloan, Frank Hazed, Joe McGow-
an, Ellis Behn, Benne Kuhlow, Stan-
ley Judd, Ralph Souman, Reno Koch
and Robert Cunningham. As helpers
Eisworth Strang, Roger Cunningham
and Stewart Richards will go with the
crowd.

RINGLINGS COMING
LAST OF AUGUST

Or During the Early Part of Septem-
ber According to Letter Received
by Peter L. Myers.

Peter L. Myers received from Chi-
cago today under date of July 17 a
letter from John Ringling, who routes
the Ringling Bros. circuses, in which
he says: "It is still an open question
how soon our advertising car No. 1
will be in Janesville. I can positive-
ly state, however, that it will not be
there before July 30 and perhaps not
until August 10. I will try and give
you just as much notice as possible
in regard to our Janesville date. I
think it may be determined in a week
or ten days and shall be very much
obliged if you will write me again,
calling my attention to the matter."
The first advertising car is usually
about three weeks ahead of the show
and the foregoing would seem to indi-
cate that the circus will not be seen
here until the last of August or first
of September.

JANESVILLE MACHINE
CO'S NEW OFFICERS

Levi B. Carle Was Made President
and T. O. Howe, Vice Presi-
dent, by Directors.

Later yesterday afternoon the direc-
tors of the Janesville Machine Co.
elected the following officers:
President—Levi B. Carle.
Vice President—T. O. Howe.
Secretary—Allen P. Lovjoy.
Treasurer—John C. Rexford.
General Manager—J. A. Craig.

Lake Geneva.

On Friday, July 20th, the C. & N. W.
P. Ry. will run a personally conducted
excursion to the popular excursion
resort, Lake Geneva, round trip only
\$1. Leave Janesville 9:50 a. m.,
arrive at Lake Geneva 9:50 a. m.,
Williams Bay 10:00 a. m.; returning
leave Williams Bay 5:40 a. m., Lake
Geneva 5:50 p. m.

This is the ideal one-day excursion.
No crowded cars, no delays. For tick-
ets and full information apply to Mr.
D. J. Lindsay, agent C. & N. W. Ry.,
Janesville, Wis.

BELOIT GRANTS FRANCHISE
FOR STREET RAILWAY LINE

And Agrees to Permit Carrying of
Package Freight by Interurban—
Work May Begin in 30 Days.

The Beloit common council has
granted to the Rockford & Interur-
ban Electric Co. a thirty-year fran-
chise to build and operate a street
railway in that city. The interurban
line is given the right to transport
package freight through the city. The
company proposes to have the line in
operation by Dec. 1, 1907, and if the
franchise is accepted will begin work
within thirty days.

MILTON COLLEGE GRADUATE TO
TEACH AT MILWAUKEE
DOWNER.

Miss Eleanor M. Brown, who taught
English in the Elgin, Ill., high school
six years ago, has resigned to become
instructor in the Milwaukee-Dowder
College for Girls. She is a graduate
of Milton college of Milton, Wis.

LOCAL CONTRACTORS
WITHOUT BIG WORK

Scarcely Any Building Being Done in
Janesville Now—Busy Season
In Prospect.

Although there is not much build-
ing being done in the city at the pres-
ent time there is considerable thought
of it and the several architects about
the city are busily engaged in drawing
plans for the erection of moderately
priced dwelling places. At present it
is very quiet in Janesville as far as
building of any kind is concerned but
it is anticipated by several architects
and contractors that this city is about
to have a busy season and before the
snow falls numerous residences will
be started and several finished. It is
said by a local architect that in the
numerous years that they have been
in business in the city that the last
month has been the busiest in their
history. It is thought that the reason
for the slack building that is going on
at the present time is due to the fact
that the local money is tied up in
stock in the mines, but nevertheless
there will be a couple of handsome
residences built this season and nu-
merous buildings ranging in price
from \$2,500 to \$4,000. At the pres-
ent time there is much more building
being done in the neighboring cities
and considerable money has been
spent in the erection of homes and
business blocks. Dr. Devereaux and
Frank Mead are planning the erection
of homes in the first ward this sea-
son and Richard Griffiths will build a
home in the second ward in the near
future. M. G. Jeffris will erect a hand-
some residence at the corner of Park
Place and East street some time this
summer.

Several plans are being drawn by
L. L. Hilton and company for residen-
ces to be built here and they will be
ready for figures in about a week.
This firm has the work of drawing
the plans for the erection of three
houses in Janesville besides numerous
work in the neighboring towns. De-
lavan will have a nice residence for
which plans are being drawn and
Brooklyn will have three stores to
take the place of the four burned
some time ago. Plans are also being
drawn for a printing office in Milton
besides two residences.

STREET CAR TRAFFIC
TIED UP FOR A TIME

Telephone Ground Wire In Contact
With Trolley Wire Caused Trou-
ble Yesterday Afternoon.

Shortly after five o'clock yesterday
afternoon street car traffic in the city
came to a sudden halt. The motor-
neers, finding that their chariots re-
fused to budge, made inquiry over the
telephone and were notified that the
men at the power house were unable
to keep the plug in the circuit-break-
er. Upon investigation, however, it
was found that the wires of the car
line were not at fault but that tele-
phone linemen had allowed a ground
wire to come in contact with the trol-
ley. As soon as this was discov-
ered the wire in question was discov-
ered and traffic resumed.

UNCALLED-FOR LETTERS

GENTLEMEN—James Brown, John-
nie Collins, Candido Carmelo, Gustav
Fleider, Vincenzo Frapoli, W. H.
Gardner, William Mayst, Jr., George
Mitakias, Neal, John C. Pat-
erson, Morton Simmons, Augusta Shoen-
feldt, Ludwig Strandle, L. Wessling.
LADIES—Miss Nellie Bogan, Mrs.
J. P. Campbell, Mrs. Florence Jones,
W. L. North.
FIRMS—D. H. Baldwin & Co.,
Smiley Steam Pump Co.,
July 18, 1906.

LOW RATES TO ST. PAUL AND
MINNEAPOLIS ENCAMPMENT

\$6.40 to St. Paul or Minneapolis and
Return.

Via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St.
Paul railway account annual encamp-
ment Grand Army of the Republic at
Minneapolis, August 13 to 16. Tick-
ets will be on sale August 11 to 13,
inclusive. Final return limit, August
31, 1906. Liberal extension granted
on payment of small extension fee.
For further information regarding
rates, routes or train service, see near-
est ticket agent of the Chicago, Mil-
waukee & St. Paul railway, or write
today to T. A. Miller, General Pas-
senger Agent, Chicago.

Profit by others' experience and
make use of the want ad columns.

Lake Geneva.

Friday, July 20th, the C. & N. W.
P. Ry. will run a strictly first-class per-
sonally conducted excursion to the
peerless resort. Round trip only \$1.
Leave Janesville 9:50 a. m. Arrive at
Lake Geneva 9:50 a. m.; Williams
Bay, 10 a. m. Returning leave Wil-
liams Bay 5:40 p. m.; Lake Geneva,
5:50 p. m. This is the ideal one-day
excursion. For tickets and informa-
tion apply to agents C. & N. W. Ry.

Elgin Butter Market.

Elgin, Ill., July 16.—Butter is firm,
at 20c. The week's output was 496,
000 lbs.

Lake Geneva.

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excursion. For tickets and informa-
tion apply to agents C. & N. W. Ry.

Special Train to Madison Friday, July
24th

Via C. & N. W. on account of Mystic
Workers' national picnic. Leave Janes-
ville at 9:12 a. m.; returning trains
leave Madison at 5:10 p. m. and 7 p.
m. Only \$1.20 the round trip. Other
trains leave here at 9:05 a. m. and
11:45 a. m. For additional information
apply to ticket agent C. & N. W.
Ry. or telephone 35.

St. Paul Road.

Boiler-Maker Young is laid up with
a sore finger, injured while repairing
engine 1379 in the roundhouse yester-
day, and Boiler-Maker William
Sprague of Milwaukee arrived this
morning to take his place.

Because of the new well which has
been dug a new soda ash list was
necessary and one has just been re-
ceived which greatly reduces the
amount of softening material used.

North-Western Road.

Engineer D. Wood is relieving En-
gineer Dunwiddie on runs 590 and
585.

Conductor G. E. Wittwer is off duty
and his place is being filled by Con-
ductor J. J. Doe on runs number 595
and 588.

Brakeman Love is relieving Brake-
man Damon on runs numbers 590 and
585, with Conductor Riley.

Conductor Elsworth is relieving
Conductor J. J. Dulin on runs num-
ber 21 and 20 and Conductor William
Sage is relieving Conductor Elsworth
on 382 and 589.

Engine number 1136 relieved engine
number 59 on runs 589 and 582 yester-
day on account of engine 59 being
in for repairs.

Engineer Tom Scott of Madison,
who has been laid up for five months
on account of an accident near Evans-
ville, reported for work on 529 and
528, Madison to Janesville, today.

Conductor Vermilya is relieving
Conductor Frear on runs 590 and 585.

Engineer G. Cole is relieving En-
gineer Coen on the half and half
switch-engine.

Engineer Shumway is off duty be-
cause of sickness.

Conductor J. J. Dulin piloted the ex-
cursion train from Janesville to Mil-
waukee yesterday.

Boiler-maker Clark is putting new
flues in engines at Harvard today.

Fireman Trieber is relieving Fire-
man Louis Gestland on the Barring-
ton turn-around.

Engineer Starritt and Fireman Trie-
ber have taken train 550 from Janes-
ville to Chicago.

Engineer Carl Miller is dispatching
engines nights in place of Engineer
McMorrow.

Engineer Walters took engine num-
ber 679 to Harvard yesterday.

Engineer Wilcox and Fireman Ber-
rell are on the Watertown passenger
runs numbers 19 and 22 today.

Engineer I. W. Hagar has returned
to work after being relieved by En-
gineer Crowley in the freight pool.

Want ads do the business.

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LINK AND PIN

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Dreyfus, Martyr and Hero

History of One of World's Greatest Wrongs
Righted After Twelve Years

How the "Syndicate of Treason," Which Condemned an Innocent Man to Devil's Island and All but Wrecked the French Republic, Was Foiled at Last by Men Who Sacrificed Themselves to the Cause of Justice

THREE conditions prevailing in France in 1894 led to the accusing and condemning of Captain Alfred Dreyfus for treason in the alleged selling of military secrets to the German government, says the New York World.

The first and underlying cause was a violent agitation against Jews.

The second was the discovery that somebody was furnishing information about army plans to Colonel Schwarzkoppen, the German military attaché.

The third was the personal unpopularity of Captain Dreyfus among his associates of the general staff.

These things, combined with a ready unscrupulousness on the part of certain officers to manufacture evidence to bear out their prejudiced theories, led to a concentration on the brilliant Jewish officer, his accusation, his quick trial and his deportation to a horrible imprisonment.

The mills of justice grind slowly, but they grind sure. They have taken twelve years to formally establish an innocence in which the world at large long has believed. If it is any satisfaction to the suffering man he can look back upon the wreck of administrations and aspiring politicians, the convulsion of the whole French nation in violent disturbance, the disgrace of army officers of high rank and even

city of Paris. Between a file of men Dreyfus, in uniform and carrying a sword, was marched before General Dreyfus. The verdict of the court martial was read. An adjutant seized the captain's sword and broke it across his knee. Then the insignia of rank were stripped from the condemned man's uniform, and the general pronounced the words of degradation.

"Vive la France," cried Dreyfus in a loud voice. "You have degraded an innocent man. I swear I am innocent."

Around the square they marched him to parade his ignominy. His last cry was:

"Tell the whole of France that I am innocent."

For more than four years Dreyfus was banished from the world—a prisoner on Devil's Island, where he managed to survive horrible hardships, solitary confinement, chills, fever and this worst fear of all, insanity.

His Life on Devil's Island.

In later years Dreyfus himself furnished the following description of his prison: "The stone hut destined for my use measured about thirteen yards square. The windows were barred. The door was of thick wood, with a little iron bar. This door led to a little hallway, six feet square; entrance to which was closed by a solid wooden

possible for me to go out. I cannot work at my English all day long—my brain will not stand it—and I have nothing to read.

"These sleepless nights are fearful. I manage to get through the days because I am occupied with the thousand and one details of material life."

In 1899 the steadily working forces of truth and justice began to establish his innocence.

In all European countries, especially in bitterly hostile France and Germany, it was the custom for the diplomatic embassies to spy out as many military secrets as could be by bribes, stealing and lying. Each military attaché had a retinue of sneaking hirelings to obtain plans of fortresses, new arms and mobilization. In 1894 the German attaché in Paris was Colonel Schwarzkoppen. He was buying information, although ambassadors were mutually pledged to do nothing of this kind. The intelligence office of the French army was keeping watch on the German embassy to discover its sources of information.

The Famous "Bordereau."

Mme. Bastien, a scrubwoman in the embassy, was under pay of the intelligence office to save all scraps of paper, which were pieced together by Major Henry. One day in the summer of 1894 she turned in a piece of paper which afterward became known as the famous "bordereau." It was alleged to have been found in Colonel Schwarzkoppen's wastebasket and read:

"Being without information as to whether you desire to see me, I send you nevertheless, monsieur, some interesting information."

"A note concerning the hydraulic brake of the 120 and the way the gun is managed. A note upon the troops de couverture; some modifications will be carried out according to the new plan. A note concerning a modification in the formations of artillery. A note relative to Madagascar. The proposed manual de tir of the field artillery."

"This document is exceedingly difficult to get hold of and I can only have it at my disposal for a few days. The minister of war has distributed a certain number of copies among the troops and the corps are held responsible for them. Each officer holding a copy is required to return it after the maneuvers."

"Therefore, if you will glean from it whatever interests you and let me have it again as soon as possible, I will manage to obtain possession of it, unless you would prefer that I have it copied in extenso and send you the copy. I am just starting for the maneuvers."

Searching for Author of Letter.

General Mercier, minister of war; General Boisdeffre, chief of the general staff; Colonel Sandherr, head of the intelligence department; Major Henry, his assistant, and other high officers began a search to discover the author of this treasonable letter. They compared many handwritings and finally suspicion pointed to Dreyfus, merely because some of the writing resembled his style.

Dreyfus was not a dashing army officer. He was more the brilliant student. He was a Jew. He spoke with a German accent. He had a haughty demeanor and associated little with his military companions. He was keen, studious, exceedingly retentive in memory, a tremendous worker and exceedingly precise. More than this he was wealthy and rather too self confident.

There was absolutely no other evidence against Dreyfus than this similarity in handwriting, but blinded by prejudice, all the chiefs, from Mercier down, were ready to pronounce him guilty immediately. More than this, the unscrupulous Henry was ready to secretly forge additional documents whenever needed in emergency, and his associate with the comic opera name of Major Du Paty de Clam joined in schemes of injustice.

It was Paty de Clam who arrested Dreyfus after getting him to write sample letters through a subterfuge. It was Paty de Clam who conducted the searches of papers and formulated the evidence for the trial. He secured the noted criminologist and expert Bertillon to make comparisons of handwriting and decide that Dreyfus wrote the original bordereau. But all the scientific knowledge of the great Bertillon and his handwriting tests in this case are now thrown into the dust by the revelations of simple truth.

It cannot be said that there was a preconcerted conspiracy to entrap and convict Dreyfus. But when the suspicion against him arose the men in the army staff who disliked him were only too ready to condemn him.

Wave of Anti-Semitism.

The wave of anti-Semitism then agitating France helped pile prejudice upon his head. The army chiefs were overjoyed that the traitor in their midst had been "caught." Many of the Paris newspapers shrieked for vengeance. The victim's conviction was a foregone conclusion. His family tried hard to save him and Dreyfus valiantly maintained his innocence, but to no purpose. The secret court martial, on Dec. 29, 1894, condemned him for life to Devil's island.

The German embassy was in an embarrassing position. It knew that Dreyfus was not the officer with whom dealings were had, but, being guilty of seeking secret information, it could say nothing. The most that could be done was to publish semi-official notes in newspapers that Germany had taken no part in the affair. On the other hand, the French army officers could not proclaim their source of information for that would reveal how the torn scraps of paper were stolen from the embassy. So to Devil's island, off the coast of South America, poor Dreyfus was sent, and there, he suffered tortures designed to quickly end his life. In the meantime in France truth

though crushed to earth, was rising again.

The Dreyfus family began systematic work in establishing the convict's innocence. His brother, Matthew Dreyfus, spared neither time nor money in the great undertaking. It was slow and disappointing at first. Everything was hidden in the secret archives of the war department. The campaign began with the raising of public opinion, and within a year France began to be torn by bitter controversy, that embroiled the government itself.

In 1896 a new man was at the head of the intelligence office in the person of Lieutenant Colonel Picquart, one of the youngest and most brilliant men in the army. One day the same Mme. Bastien, scrubwoman at the German embassy, sent in some scraps of paper which, pieced out, proved to be a letter addressed to Major Esterhazy. It was in the handwriting of Colonel Schwarzkoppen, but evidently had been torn up and another sent in its stead.

New Traitor Revealed.

Instantly there was revealed a new traitor in the French army camp. Esterhazy was a dissolute officer, spending most of his time in Paris instead of at his post in Rouen. The captured letter became known as the "petit bleu," being written on the blue stamped paper of the postoffice for immediate delivery. At first Picquart did not connect Esterhazy with the Dreyfus affair, but one day, securing some of the major's handwriting, he was struck with the similarity between it and the writing on the "bordereau" on which Dreyfus was accused. The more he investigated the more he became convinced that Esterhazy was the traitor and Dreyfus the innocent man.

He examined the "dossier," or envelope, containing the documents supposed to incriminate the captain. One of them was a letter of Schwarzkoppen referring to "that scoundrel D." The army clique had asserted that D stood for Dreyfus. Picquart found that D stood for Dubois, a poor scribbler, who was not in the army. This and the "bordereau," now believed to have been written by Esterhazy, were its only contents.

But when Picquart innocently communicated his discovery to his superior officers, many of them the same who had brought about the condemnation of Dreyfus, he met with little encouragement. The clique determined to stand together. It was decided that Picquart must be sidetracked. He was sent off to Tunis, whence few officers return. It would never do to have the army exposed.

Henry's Forgery.

In his absence Henry forged a letter purporting to be written by the Italian military attaché to the German attaché and found in the same old wastebasket. It read as follows:

"I have just read that a deputy is going to ask several questions on the Dreyfus affair. If they request any new explanations at Rome, I shall say I never had any dealings with this Jew. That is understood. If they question you, make the same reply; for nobody must ever know what has happened to him."

This was to strengthen the army case against the prisoner in view of the rising tide of public indignation and the demands in the chamber of deputies for investigation.

From the summer of 1897 onward France was torn by discussion of the Dreyfus affair. It became involved in political maneuvers and in court proceedings. Picquart refused Esterhazy. The latter was tried and acquitted. Picquart was disgraced and imprisoned by the army clique.

Zola Writes Letter of Accusation.

Things began to look dark for the cause of justice when Zola suddenly launched his public letter of accusation, declaring Dreyfus wrongfully convicted and Esterhazy acquitted to screen the wrong. France blazed with agitation. Zola was tried and condemned to one year's imprisonment and fined 50,000 francs (\$8,000) for slander. He fled to England, but the Dreyfus cause was revived.

In August, 1898, another conscientious army officer, Major Cugnet, discovered by comparison of documents that the alleged letter from the Italian military attaché to the German attaché was evidently a forgery.

Major Henry was called before officers of the war department and questioned. He admitted the truth and sought sympathy from the generals who had formerly accepted the letter without question. But public sentiment was beginning to make itself felt. The generals sat rigidly silent. Henry was ordered to prison. The following day he cut his throat with a razor. That was the turning point. It was only a question of time when the agitation in favor of Dreyfus would succeed in bringing about a new trial.

In 1899 the courts ordered the prisoner brought back to France for retrial. The session began at Rennes in August before a court of seven officers, presided over by Colonel Jouhaux.

The prisoner, like one raised from the dead, made a dazed, unfavorable appearance. Labor, his lawyer, made a brilliant case, and won great fame.

Dreyfus was free, but not rehabilitated. He refused to accept the judgment as final. He must have complete vindication and be restored to the same plane of innocence on which he stood before the accusation of 1894.

In the Theatrical Market.

There is a great scarcity of plays nowadays that are suitable for actresses who do not put it mildly, are no longer in the first flush of their youth, says Vanity Fair. "What we want," said a woman the other day, "is a part for ladies whose hearts are still young, but whose waists are rearing on thirty-two."

W. A. Martin, a farmer living near Culver, Kas., shot his youngest daughter, Rachel, aged 21, in the back and then shot himself in the head. The daughter will recover.

Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson, who has been visiting his home at Tama, Iowa, is on his way to Washington.

Always working—Gazette want ads.

Regimental Reunions and Forty-third Anniversary, Battle, Chickamauga, Chattanooga, September, 1820, 1906.

On September 13, 1906, will occur the forty-third anniversary of the Battle of Chickamauga. It is proposed to celebrate this memorable event with a reunion of the various regiments that participated in this memorable battle and the various battles fought around Chattanooga. This reunion will be held at Chickamauga National Park, September 13, 19 and 20, and the present indications are that it will be the largest and most notable gathering ever held in the South. On the above dates, the remnants from the armies of twelve states, comprising the following: Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas and Kentucky, will assemble, many of the first and last time, since they marched from its blood-stained fields, forty-three years ago.

Here is one of the greatest opportunities for the education of the youth. Don't fail to take your children and show them historic Chattanooga, with all its historical connections. It is the opportunity of a lifetime. Go and see the old war general and other officers, point out the places of interest on the battlefield; let them show you and explain, in person, the markers erected on the battlefield, showing the positions of the opposing armies at the time of battle. It will not be long until none will be left to do this noble work.

It will be many years, if ever again, that such an opportunity will present itself. See that your tickets read via the Louisville & Nashville R. R., the Battlefield Route. Call on your nearest railroad agent for rates and advertising matter pertaining to the reunion, or write nearest representative of the Louisville & Nashville R. R.

J. H. Milliken, D. P. A., Louisville, Ky.
F. D. Bush, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O.
E. E. Davenport, D. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.
H. C. Bailey, N. W. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

Want ads. bring good results.

CROCKERY.

We have five very pretty decorations in open stock dinner sets. The quality of this ware is the best, as they are made by America's leading manufacturers. The prices are \$8.50, \$10, \$12.50, \$13 and \$14 for set of 100 pieces.

SPECIAL—Rose decorated cups and saucers with gold tracing on edge at 60c a set of six.

Plates to match at 10c each.

White combinations, fancy shape, at \$1 and \$1.10 each.

Six-piece decorated toilet sets at \$2.25 and \$2.50.

Six-piece white embossed toilet sets at \$1.69.

MRS. E. HALL,
35 W. Milwaukee Street.

Official Notice No. 35.
STREET ASSESSMENT NOTICE.
Published by the authority of the common council of the city of Janesville.

Office of the Street Assessment Committee, Janesville, Wis., July 13, 1906.

To whom it may concern:

The common council of the city of Janesville, having decided that it was expedient and necessary that Riverside street from the Chicago and North-Western Railroad company's right-of-way to Stone street and Stone street from Riverside street to West street, avenue in the Fourth ward be improved by grading at the expense of the real estate to be benefited thereby, and having ordered that the street assessment committee, acting as a board of public works, view the premises and determine the benefits and damages which shall accrue to each parcel of real estate affected by such change and improvement; the entire cost of the contemplated work or improvements upon said streets and the amount that shall be assessed to each parcel of such real estate as benefits and damages accruing thereto by such contemplated work or improvements.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that in pursuance of said order plans and specifications for said work have been prepared and approved and the entire cost of the improvements contemplated in said plans and specifications determined and that we have viewed the entire territory and each parcel of real estate affected by said improvements, and determined the benefits and damages which will accrue to each parcel of real estate by reason of said improvements, and the amount that should be assessed to each parcel of real estate as benefits or damages accruing thereto by such contemplated work or improvement.

Notice is further given to all persons interested that said reports are on file and open for review in the office of the street assessment committee, in the city clerk's office in said city, and will be so continued for the space of twenty days after the date of this notice, and that on the 16th day of August, 1906, at two o'clock in the afternoon, the said committee will be in session at their said office to hear all objections that may be made to said reports.

J. F. HUTCHINSON,
C. V. KERCH,
JOHN J. SHERIDAN,
W. E. MERRITT,
JOHN J. DULIN,
Street Assessment Committee.

WANTED

Buyers and Sellers of Real Estate, Farms, Etc.

We can bring buyer and seller together to the advantage of both. We advertise your property free for one year, if necessary.

FOR SALE—A first-class dairy and stock farm of 815 acres in Grant Co., Wis.; 1 1/2 miles from town on

the Burlington R. R., 300 acres under plow, 50 acres seeded to rye, 40 acres clover and timothy; good bearing orchard and garden with small fruit; all in good state of cultivation, balance in pasture and meadow, with good running water and well fenced; a good 7-room house with hydrant in kitchen; good milk-house 16x18, with cement tanks, will hold milk from 40 cows; with spring water flowing continually; good sheep barn 16x64, 2-story granary 18x32; corn crib 16x32; driveway between granary and crib; hen-house 14x16; hog house 16x32; hog house 16x36, with cook-room and corn crib; barn 52x64; stalls for 12 horses, stalls and feed racks for 70 head of cattle; water piped from never failing spring at an elevation of 200 feet; hydrants at house and yard; will be sold on reasonable terms; price, \$25 per acre.

A List of City Property

FOR SALE—House of 4 rooms, barn, well, gas, cistern, newly papered and painted, both inside and out, all in first-class repair, two blocks from street-car line, 1st ward. Price, \$2,000.

FOR SALE—10-room house and barn, one lot, with city water, cistern, bath room, lot, close to street cars. All in first-class repair. First ward. This is a good one for the price, \$2,800.

FOR SALE—8-room house and lot on Cornelia street, Second ward. All in good repair, good place. Price, \$2,250.

FOR SALE—3-room house, bath, gas, city water, cistern, on Holmes St., 4th ward; this is a modern house, well built, nicely finished, good location. Price, \$3,200.

HOUSE AND LOT—In third ward, large lot, good location, small barn; you can have this for \$700; terms to suit.

FOR SALE—9-room house and 6x8 rod lot on Washington street, 2nd ward. City water and cistern, gas, and a steam heating furnace, one of the best makes, cost close to \$400; used two winters; house in good repair, lot alone would bring \$1,800 without any of the improvements. Price, \$3,400.

FOR SALE—7-room house, large lot, and good barn, on Madison street, 1st ward; very nice slightly location, city water, cistern, gas, a very cheap place, price, \$2,250.

FOR SALE—We have three splendid lots, two on Forest Park boulevard and one on Jefferson avenue, fine location on car line, at \$350 each; now is the time to get first choice.

FOR SALE—House, barn, well, cistern, gas and city water on street, and 3 acres of fine land, facing two streets on car line, the two lots facing Washington street are worth at least \$1,200 and the others would be cheap at \$300 each; it will make in all 12 large lots; now is the time to get this property cheap; it's going to be sold. Price, \$3,000.

FOR SALE—A dandy little home in the 3d ward, two blocks from street car line. 7-room house; barn, lot, nice fruit for family use, a fine place for the price, \$1,700.

Farm and Acre Property.

FOR SALE—Farm of 193 acres; good house and barn; well fenced and in good state of cultivation. Some timber and pasture, 80 acres under cultivation, located 7 miles from Janesville, 3 1/2 miles from Milton Junction. Will take small place in city in exchange if price is right. Price, \$60 per acre. Worth the money.

FOR SALE—50-acre farm, 5 miles from Magnolia and 5 miles from Evansville, Wis. About 15 acres timber, balance floor land and pasture. Clay loam soil; large barn; good house; hen house and other outbuildings; all in good condition. Good well, wind mill and cistern. This is a good farm; only 3/4 mile from good stone, creamery, blacksmith shop and school. Farm is owned by a widow lady who has no help to work it. Price, \$5,300.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For house and lot or small farm, 80 acres, 4 1/2 miles from Pittsville, 1 1/2 miles from Hansen, Wood Co., Wis. This is nice level land, free from stone; clay loam; all heavy timber, mostly hard maple, some ash; small spring creek through land; will make fine farm when cleared, timber enough to pay for land and clearing also. Price, \$25 per acre. Bennett, Litts & Co.

100 ACRES of nice level black land in Lamoure county, North Dakota;

FOR SALE—100 acres, 2 1/2 miles from Sharon, Watworth county. This is a fine piece of land. Buildings are poor, but the price is very low for this farm, only \$25 per acre. This is a great bargain for some one.

FOR SALE—10 acres, in city limits. Good house and barn, a large number of apple trees just beginning to bear. All kinds of berries and lots of other good land. Price, \$2,800.

FOR SALE—Farm of 80 acres, 1 mile from Janesville, good land, two dwelling houses, barn and tobacco shed combined and other outbuildings, watered with well and nice spring creek, in good state of cultivation, reason for selling old age. Price, \$80 per acre.

FOR SALE—20 acres, one mile west of city, with house, barn, tobacco shed for 2 acres of tobacco, good well, best of land for roots and tobacco. Within one-half mile of loading station. A bargain.

FOR SALE—20 acres just outside of city limits. Soil black loam; fourteen acres in cultivation, six acres pasture, a fine fruit, poultry and tobacco farm. Large brick house in good repair; good barn, two large sheds for tobacco; two hen houses; good well and windmill; two large cisterns; lots of fruit of all kinds. Located on main traveled road. This is a splendid land for truck gardening, high state of cultivation. Owner's reason for selling is to get larger farm.

BENNETT, LITTS & CO.
Office Rooms 2 & 3 Tallman Block,
Cor. River and W. Milwaukee
Streets, Janesville, Wis.
Office open Wednesday and Saturday
Nights.

THE
NORTHWESTERN
LINE

The only all rail route to Shoshoni, Wyo., the reservation border.

W. B. KNISKERN, P. T. M., Chicago & Northwestern Ry.,
Chicago.

Please send to my address pamphlets, maps and information concerning the opening of the Shoshone or Wind River reservation to settlement.

(Cut out this Coupon)

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(Cut out this Coupon)



ALFRED DREYFUS.

upon the corpses of suicides that strew the path over which his "cause celebre" has slowly dragged to final vindication.

Two Heroes in the Cause.

Alongside of Dreyfus, the martyr, have stood two heroes whose names deserve to be indelibly linked with the love of truth and justice.

One of them is Emile Zola, most noted of modern French novelists, now, alas, dead and unable to join in this final triumph. For simple love of truth he dared to take up the cause of a condemned man and defy government and army in his famous letter beginning "I accuse." For that he was sentenced to heavy fine and imprisonment and the loss of his Legion of Honor button. He fled into exile.

The other man is Colonel Picquart, who sacrificed rank in the army, favor, fortune, fought duels and suffered months of imprisonment because he dared proclaim the guilt of his brother officers in condemning an innocent man. It was he who discovered the forgeries and the crimes that convicted Dreyfus and had the courage to stand for the truth. He was ostracized in disgrace, but the rehabilitation of the chief sufferer brings about his restoration. Without the discoveries made by Colonel Picquart while chief of the intelligence bureau of the army it is doubtful whether the innocence of Dreyfus ever could have been established.

Dreyfus Degraded.

At 9 o'clock in the morning of Jan. 5, 1895, 5,000 soldiers of the French army were drawn up in the Champs de Mars on the left bank of the Seine, in the

door. In this anteroom a guard was always on duty. By night the outer door was closed inside and out, so that every two hours at guard relief there was an infernal clatter of keys and bolts. By day I had the right to go about in a treeless space of less than half an acre. The moment I left my hut I was accompanied by the guard, who was not to lose sight of a single one of my movements. The guard was armed with a revolver. Later on there were added to this a rifle and a cartridge belt. I was forbidden to speak to any one but the chief guard.

The sufferings of an innocent man in such circumstances can scarcely be imagined. They are reflected in these passages from his diary:

"Until now I have worshiped reason. I have believed there was logic in things and events. I have believed in human justice. Anything that was irrational and extravagant found difficult entrance into my brain. Oh, what a breaking down of all my beliefs!"

"Since I landed a month ago, I have remained locked in my pen, with closed blinds. Several times I all but went crazy. I had congestion of the brain."

"And then I have never any news of my wife and children. Yet I know that since the 29th of March, nearly three weeks ago, there have been letters for me at Cayenne. I have had letters for me at Cayenne and to France for news of my dear ones. There is no answer."

"My days are interminable, every minute of every hour a long drawn out weariness. I am incapable of any considerable physical exertion. Moreover, from 10 in the morning until 3 in the evening the heat makes it im-

General Felix Argus, editor of the Baltimore American, has been selected by President Roosevelt as president of the commission to be appointed

ed under the terms of the act of congress providing for a survey of the Delaware and Chesapeake canal.

Want ads. bring good results.

Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson, who has been visiting his home at Tama, Iowa, is on his way to Washington.

Always working—Gazette want ads.

The Manager Of the B. & A.

By VAUGHAN KESTER

Copyright, 1901, by Harper & Brothers

"I can't see that one man more or less is going to make such a difference, Oakley," Ryder urged, with what he intended should be an air of frank good fellowship.

"Can't you?" with chilly dignity, Oakley was slow to anger, but he had



"In the second place he's a lousy loafer."

always fought stubbornly for what he felt was due him, and he wished the editor to understand that the management of the B. & A. was distinctly not his province.

Ryder's eyes were half closed, and only a narrow slit of color showed between the lids.

"I am very much afraid we won't hit it off. I begin to see we aren't going to get on. I want you to keep Hoadley as a personal favor to me. Just wait until I finish. If you are going in for reform I may have it in my power to be of some service to you. You will need some backing here, and even a country newspaper can manufacture public sentiment. Now if we aren't to be friends you will find me on the other side and working just as hard against you as I am willing to work for you if you let Hoadley stay."

Oakley jumped up.

"I don't allow anybody to talk like that to me. I am running this for Cornish. They are his interests, not mine, and you can start in and manufacture all the public sentiment you please." Then he cooled down a bit and felt ashamed of himself for the outburst.

"I am not going to be unfair to any one if I can help it. But if the road's earnings don't meet the operating expenses the general will sell it to the A. and W. Do you understand what that means? It will knock Antioch higher than a kite, for the shops will be closed. I guess, when all hands get that through their heads they will take it easier."

"That's just the point I made. Who is going to enlighten them if it isn't me? I don't suppose you will care to go around telling everybody what a fine fellow you are and how thankful they should be that you have stopped their wages. We can work double, Oakley. I want Hoadley kept because he's promised me his influence for Kenyon, if I'd exert myself in his behalf. He's of importance up at the Junction. Of course we know he's a drunkard, but that's got nothing to do with it."

"I am sorry, but he's got to go," said Oakley, doggedly. "A one horse railroad can't carry dead timber."

"Very well," and Ryder pulled in his legs and rose slowly from his chair. "If you can't and won't see it as I do it's your lookout."

Oakley laughed shortly.

"I guess I'll be able to meet the situation, Mr. Ryder."

He scouted the idea that Ryder with his little country newspaper could either help or harm him.

CHAPTER VII

DR. EMORY and Dan were standing on the street corner before the hotel. Oakley had just come up town from the office. He was full of awkward excuses and apologies, but Dr. Emory cut them short.

"I suppose I've a right to be angry at the way you've avoided us, but I'm not. On the contrary, I'm going to take you home to dinner with me."

If Dan had consulted his preferences in the matter, he would have begged off, but he felt he couldn't without giving offense, so he allowed the doctor to lead him away, but he didn't appear as pleased or as grateful as he should have been at this temporary release from the low diet of the American House.

Miss Emory was waiting for her father on the porch. An array of hers had taken him downtown.

She seemed surprised to see Oakley, but was graciously disposed toward him. While he fell short of her standards, he was decidedly superior to the local youth with whom she had at first been

inclined to class him. Truth to tell, the local youth fought rather shy of the doctor's beautiful daughter. Mr. Burr Smith, the gentlemanly druggist, and acknowledged social leader, who was much sought after by the most exclusive circles in such centers of fashion as Buckhorn and Harrison, had been so chilled by her manner when, meeting her on the street, he had attempted to revive an acquaintance which dated back to their childhood that he was a mental wreck for days afterward and had hardly dared trust himself to fill even the simplest prescription.

Dr. Emory excused himself and went into the house. Dan made himself comfortable on the steps at Miss Emory's side. In the very nearness there was something, luxurious and satisfying. He was silent, because he feared the antagonism of speech.

"I was with friends of yours this afternoon, Mr. Oakley," she said by way of starting the conversation.

"Friends of mine here?"

"Yes, the Joyces."

"I must go around and see them. They have been very kind to my father," said Dan, with heavy good will. "How long is your father to remain in Antioch, Mr. Oakley?" inquired Constance.

"As long as I remain, I suppose. There are only the two of us, you know."

"What does he find to do here?"

"Oh," laughed Dan, "he finds plenty to do. His energy is something dreadful. Then, too, he's employed at the shops. That keeps him pretty busy, you see."

But Miss Emory hadn't known this before. She elevated her eyebrows in mild surprise. She was not sure she understood.

"I didn't know that he was one of the officers of the road," with deceptive indifference.

"He's not. He's a cabinetmaker," explained the literal Oakley, to whom a cabinetmaker was quite as respectable as any one else. There was a brief pause, while Constance turned this over in her mind. It struck her as very singular that Oakley's father should be one of the hands. Perhaps, she credited him with a sensitiveness of which he was entirely innocent.

She rested her chin in her hands and gazed out into the dusty street. "Isn't it infinitely pathetic to think of that poor little man and his work?" going back to Joyce. "Do you know, I could have cried? And his wife's faith, it is sublime, even if it is mistaken." She laughed in a dreary fashion. "What is to be done for people like that, whose lives are quite uncompensated?"

They were joined by the doctor, who had caught a part of what Constance said and divined the rest.

"You see only the paths. Joyce is just as well off here as he would be anywhere else, and perhaps a little better. He makes a decent living with his pictures." As he spoke he crossed the porch and stood at her side, with his hand resting affectionately on her shoulder.

"I guess there's a larger justice to the world than we conceive," said Oakley.

"But not to know, to go on blindly doing something that is really very dreadful and never to know!"

She turned to Oakley.

"I am afraid I rather agree with your father. He seems happy enough, and he is doing work for which there is a demand."

"Would you be content to live here with no greater opportunity than he has?"

Oakley laughed and shook his head.

"No, but that's not the same. I'll pull the Hackberry up and make it pay and then go in for something bigger."

"And if you can't make it pay?"

"I won't bother with it, then."

"But if you had to remain?"

Oakley gave her an incredulous smile.

"That couldn't be possible. I have done all sorts of things but stuck in what I found to be undesirable berths, but of course business is not at all the same."

"But isn't it? Look at Mr. Ryder. He says that he is hurried here in the pine woods, with no hope of ever getting back into the world, and I am sure he is able, and journalism is certainly a business, like anything else."

"I know, but slightly, Miss Emory, but no doubt he is."

Mrs. Emory appeared in the doorway, placid but smiling.

"Constance, you and Mr. Oakley come on in, dinner's ready."

When Dan went home that night he told himself savagely that he would never go to the Joyces' again. The experience had been most unsatisfactory. In spite of Constance's evident disposition toward tolerance where he was concerned, she resented him. Her unconscious concession was a bitter memory of which he could not rid himself. Certainly women must be petty, small souled creatures if she was at all representative of her sex. Yet in spite of his determination to avoid Constance, even at the risk of

seemingly rude, he found it required greater strength of will than he possessed to keep away from the Joyces. He realized in the course of the next few weeks that much stress in his development had been reached. Inspired by what he felt was a false but beautiful confidence in himself, he called on them, and as time wore on the frequency of these calls steadily increased. All this while he thought about Miss Emory, a great deal and was sorry for her or admired her, according to his mood.

In Constance's attitude toward him there was a certain fickleness that he resented. Sometimes she was friendly and companionable, and then again she seemed to revive all his lingering prejudices, and was utterly indifferent to him, and her indifference was the most complete thing of its kind he had ever encountered.

Naturally Dan and Ryder met very frequently, and when they met they clashed. It was not especially pleasant, of course, but Ryder was persistent and Oakley was dogged. Once he started in pursuit of an object he never gave up or owned that he was beaten. In some form he had accomplished everything he set out to do, and if the results had not always been just what he had anticipated he had at least had the satisfaction of bringing circumstances under his control. He endured the editor's sarcasms and occasionally retaliated with a vengeance so heavy as to leave Griff quivering with the smart of it.

Miss Emory found it difficult to maintain the peace between them, but she admired Dan's mode of warfare. It was so conclusive, and he showed such grim strength in his ability to look out for himself.

But Dan felt that he must suffer by any comparison with the editor. He had no genius for trifles, but rather a ponderous capacity. He had worked hard, with the single determination to win success. He had the practical man's contempt born of his satisfied ignorance for all useless things, and to his mind the useless things were those whose value it was impossible to reckon in dollars and cents.

He had been well content with himself, and now he felt that somehow he had lost his bearings. Why was it he had not known before that the more strenuous climb, the mere earning of a salary, was not all of life? He even felt a sneaking envy of Ryder of which he was heartily ashamed.

Men fall in love differently. Some resist and hang back from the inevitable, not being sure of themselves, and some go headlong, never having any doubts. With characteristic shyness of purpose Dan went headlong, but of course he did not know what the trouble was until long after the facts in the case were patent to every one, and Antioch had lost interest in his speculations as to whether the doctor's daughter would take the editor or the general manager for his Mrs. Poppleton. The Joyces' nearest neighbor sagely observed, she was "having her pick."

To Oakley Miss Emory seemed to accumulate dignity and reserve in the exact proportion that he lost them, but he was determined she should like him if she never did more than that.

(To Be Continued.)

Lake Geneva

On Friday, July 20th, the C. & N. W. Ry. will run a personally conducted strictly first-class popular excursion to this peerless resort, round trip only \$1. Leave Janesville 8:00 a. m.; arrive at Lake Geneva 3:50 a. m.; Williams Bay 10:00 a. m.; returning leave Williams Bay 5:40 a. m., Lake Geneva 5:50 p. m.

This is the ideal one-day excursion. No crowded cars, no delays. For tickets and full information apply to Mr. D. J. Lindsay, agent C. & N. W. Ry., Janesville, Wis.

A TRULY IDEAL WIFE

HER HUSBAND'S BEST HELPER

Vigorous Health Is the Great Source of Power to Increase and Encourage All Women Should Seek It.

One of the most noted, successful and richest men of this century, in a recent article, has said, "Whatever I am and whatever success I have attained in this world I owe all to my wife. From the day I first knew her she has been an inspiration and the greatest helpmate of my life."



Mrs. Bessie Ainsley

To be such a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, to inspire him to make the most of himself, should be a woman's constant study.

If a woman finds that her energies are flagging, that she gets easily tired, that her face appears weary, that she has backache, headaches, bearing down pains, nervousness, irregularities or the blues, she should start at once to build up her system by a tonic with specific powers, such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Following we publish by request a letter from a young wife:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham: Ever since my child was born I have suffered. I hope for women ever have with inflammation, female weakness, bearing down pains, backache and wretched headaches. It affected my stomach so I could not enjoy my meals, and half my time was spent in bed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman, and I feel so grateful that I can't find to write and tell you of my marvelous recovery. It brought me health, new life and vitality.

Mrs. Bessie Ainsley, 611 South 10th Street, Tacoma, Wash.

Write Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Ainsley. It will do for every sick and ailing woman.

If you have symptoms you don't understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Used in millions of homes

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

It is put up under the supervision of a competent chemist, from the finest materials possible to select, insuring the user light, wholesome, easily digested food. Therefore, CALUMET is recommended by leading physicians and chemists.

Perfect in Quality
Economical in Use
Moderate in Price

Calumet is so carefully and scientifically prepared that the neutralization of the ingredients is absolutely perfect. Therefore, food prepared with Calumet is free from Rancid Salts, Alum, or any injurious substance. For your stomach's sake use Calumet. For economy's sake buy Calumet.

\$1,000.00 given for any substance injurious to health found in Calumet.



If You Wash Work Clothes

wash them the easy way. Peosta suds loosen the dirt with an hour's soaking and the rest is easy.

Washing overalls, heavy shirts, jeans, and the like, is drudgery the old way, but simple enough with Peosta. Go to your grocer today and get five bars of Peosta for 25 cents.

Use Beach's Peosta Soap

Beach's Hand Soap



heals rough hands.

News For Excursionists

\$75 to the Pacific Coast and Return From Chicago—Corresponding Low Round-Trip Rates From Other Points.

Via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line daily, June 1 to Sept. 30, to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle and Tacoma and other Pacific Coast points. Very low rates to Helena, Butte, Spokane, Ogden and Salt Lake City. Daily and personally conducted excursions in Pullman, tourist, sleeping cars to San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland, through without change. Double berth only \$7.00 from Chicago and \$5.75 from Omaha. Choice of routes. For rates, tickets, etc., apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

NEW HOMES IN THE WEST

Shoshone Reservation to Be Opened Chicago & North-Western Ry. Announces Round-Trip Excursion Rates From All Points July 12 to 29.

Less than one fare for the round trip to Shoshoni, Wyoming, the reservation border. The only all rail route to the reservation border. Dates of registration, July 16th to 21st at Shoshoni and Lander. Reached only by this line.

Write for pamphlets, telling how to take up one of these attractive homesteads.

Information, maps and pamphlets free on request to W. B. Kniskern, P. T. M., Chicago, Ill.

New Homes in the West

Over a million acres of land will be thrown open to settlement on the Shoshone Indian Reservation August 15, 1906. These lands are reached by the direct route of the Chicago & North-Western Ry. from Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Omaha, and other points in the Mississippi Valley. Send two cents in stamps for pamphlets, maps and full particulars to W. B. Kniskern, P. T. M., C. & N. W. Ry. Co., Chicago.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT, MINNEAPOLIS, AUGUST 15 TO 18

Special Low Rates—\$6.40 from Janesville to Minneapolis; Minn. and Return on August 11, 12 and 13. Via the North-Western Line, will apply for tickets, with favorable return limits on account of national G. A. R. encampment, via the splendid double-track block-signal route of the North-Western line. Direct route. Splendid train service. Excellent fast schedules. Special G. A. R. trains. The best of everything. For dates of sale and full particulars apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

Excursion to Kilbourn—Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Greatly reduced rates will be made to Kilbourn and return, Friday, July 20. Special train will leave 3:15 a. m., returning will leave Kilbourn 7:00 p. m. Excursion ticket includes boat ride through the Dells of the Wisconsin and provides for an outing composed only of attractive features. For further information see nearest ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway.

Excursion Tickets to Milwaukee, Wis.

Via the North-Western Line, will be sold at reduced rates July 14 and 15, limited to return until July 16, inclusive, on account of the Saengerbund of the Northwest, St. Paul, Minn. Other dates of sale at favorable rates and with longer return limit. For full particulars apply to agents.

\$3.00 From Janesville to St. Paul, Minn. and Return on July 25.

Via the North-Western Line, will apply for tickets limited to return until July 31st, inclusive, on account of Biennial Saengerbund of the Saengerbund of the Northwest, St. Paul, Minn. Other dates of sale at favorable rates and with longer return limit. For full particulars apply to agents.

SPECIAL HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

Excursions

Via Missouri Pacific Railway and Iron Mountain Route.

Tickets on sale first and third Tuesday in each month, May to November, 1906, inclusive, to Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Arkansas, Indian Territory, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, and Republic of Mexico. For details address L. D. Knowles, General Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

TO CALIFORNIA

SECOND CLASS RATES

Homeseekers' Excursion to the North West, West and Southwest.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates are on sale to the territory indicated above. Standard and Tourist sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars, and "The Best of Everything." For dates of sale and full particulars apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry. Write for printed matter and full details. Pass. Agent, 97 Adams St., Chicago, Ill. F. H. Tristram, Asst. Gen.

Very Low Rates to Central Wisconsin.

Singing Festival, Oshkosh, Wis.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold July 13, 14 and 15, limited to return until July 16, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

\$1.20 from Janesville to Modern Mystical Workers' Picnic at Madison, Wis.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold on Thursday, July 24 limited to return, the same day. Apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

Friday and Saturday Excursion Rates to Devils Lake, Wis.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets to this beautiful summer resort are on sale Fridays and Saturdays, limited to return until the Monday following, affording opportunity for enjoying this delightful outing without inconvenience to business. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

Special Excursion Rates to Colorado, Utah and the Black Hills.

Via the North-Western Line. Beginning June 1st excursion tickets will be sold daily to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Salt Lake City, Hot Springs, Deadwood, Lead and Custer, S. D., etc., good to return until October 31. Specially low rate round trip tickets to these and other points, with favorable return limits, will be sold the first and third Tuesday of each month until September 18, inclusive. A splendid opportunity is offered for an enjoyable vacation trip. Several fine trains via the North-Western Line daily. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

Excursion Rates to Monona Lake.

Assembly at Madison, Wis.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at reduced rates July 22 and 24, limited to return until August 5, inclusive. Other dates of sale on certificate plan. Apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

\$3.00 From Janesville to St. Paul, Minn. and Return on July 25.

Via the North-Western Line, will apply for tickets limited to return until July 31st, inclusive, on account of Biennial Saengerbund of the Saengerbund of the Northwest, St. Paul, Minn. Other dates of sale at favorable rates and with longer return limit. For full particulars apply to agents.

OFFICIAL NOTICE NO. 34

Notice to Contractors

Sewerage Work.

Office of Street Assessment committee, city of Janesville, Wis., July 11, 1906.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 10th day of August, 1906, at 3:00 o'clock p. m., for furnishing all the material and doing all the work necessary and required for the construction and completion of sewers upon the following named streets, in the city of Janesville, Wisconsin, according to the respective specifications, profiles, plans and details thereof on file in the office of the city clerk of said city, for the examination and guidance of bidders, to-wit:

In Sewerage District No. 5.—On Center avenue from Pleasant street to manhole near North street and in the alleys lying between West Milwaukee street and Wall street and extending from High street to Marion street, being about 2,124 lineal feet.

In Sewerage District No. 6.—On Ravine street from Madison street to Washington street, on Washington street from Ravine street to a point 110 feet south of the south side of Mineral Point avenue, on North River street from West Bluff street to Madison street, being about 3,329 lineal feet.

In Sewerage District Nos. 10 and 11.—On North Main street from Prospect avenue to North Fifth street, on Fourth avenue from North Main street to North Bluff street, on North Bluff street from Fourth avenue to Glen street, being about 1,998 lineal feet.

In Sewerage District No. 12.—On South Main street from South First street to the southern boundary of said district between South Third street and Oakland avenue, on North First street from North Bluff street to a point between Wisconsin street and East street, being about 1,744 lineal feet.

In Sewerage District No. 14.—On South Main street from the northern boundary of said district between South Third street and Oakland avenue to the southern boundary of said district at Racine street, on Racine street from South Main street to Rock river, being about 1,143 lineal feet.

In Sewerage District No. 15.—On South Main street from the northern boundary of said district at Racine street to a manhole near the southern boundary of said district between Clark street and Carrington street, being about 1,238 lineal feet; all to be done according to the specifications and plans, which have been separately prepared for each of said sewerage districts.

Work shall be commenced in sewerage district number 5 on or before the 25th day of August, 1906, and the whole work shall be completed on or before the 15th day of October, 1906; sewerage districts numbers 10 and 11 on or before the 1st day of September, 1906, and the whole work shall be completed on or before the 1st day of November, 1906; sewerage districts numbers 12, 14 and 15 on or before the 15th day of October, 1906, and the whole work shall be completed on or before the 1st day of June, 1907, and sewerage district number 6 on or before the 15th day of October, 1906, and the whole work shall be completed on or before the 1st day of June, 1907, failing in which the contractor shall pay to the city of Janesville as liquidated damages, the sum of five dollars per day for each and every day's delay in completing said work.

Contracts will be let for doing the entire work in each sewerage district separately and no bid will be considered for doing part of the work in said sewerage district, nor that does not contain prices for doing the work, as called for in the specifications, profiles and plans.

Bidders must submit proposals to do the work according to the contract specifications, profiles, plans, and details prepared for such district, and written upon the blanks prepared by the undersigned for the purpose, stating therein prices respectively per lineal foot of sewer for the various sizes required; per man-hole, lamp-hole and other appurtenances complete, so far as the same are applicable to said district, under the specifications, profiles and plans. Prices should be stated in writing and in figures.

Proposals must be accompanied by a certified check for ten per cent of the bid, based on the estimated quantities named in the specifications, made payable to the treasurer of said city, and to be forfeited if the bidder fails to sign the contract and provide the bond required herein, within ten days after being notified of the acceptance of such proposal.

The bond must be signed, with not less than two sureties, who shall be freeholders of the state of Wisconsin, and shall justify as to their responsibility and by their several affidavits show that they are worth in the aggregate at least the amount of the entire contract price in property not by law exempt from execution. Sureties companies authorized to do business in this state will be accepted in lieu of personal sureties.

Bids, failing to comply with the requirements herein will not be considered.

The bids for the work and material in each district will be canvassed separately and considered in the aggregate based on the estimated quantities named in the specifications and awarded as separate contracts for each of said districts.

All bids should be marked on the envelope, "Street Assessment Committee, with the number of the sewerage district marked thereon, on which such bid is made, and filed in the office of the Street Assessment committee, in the city clerk's office, in said city.

N. B.—Blanks for proposals and blank contracts and bonds for each of said districts will be furnished on application to the city clerk.

The bids, when the lowest ones, will be decided by the Street Assessment committee.

Signed,

J. F. HUTCHINSON,

C. V. KERCH,

JOHN J. SHERIDAN,

J. J. DULIN,

W. H. MERRITT,

Street Assessment Committee.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

Chicago

SUMMER GOODS REMNANT SALE

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, JULY 20TH AND 21ST

REMNUMANTS!

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

REMNUMANTS!

We have several hundred remnants that we will place on the counters Friday morning at about half their value, comprising

Remnants of Calico
Remnants of Percale
Remnants of Gingham

Remnants of Bleached Muslin
Remnants of Sheetting
Remnants of Pillow Casing

Remnants of Organdies
Remnants of Swiss Muslin
Remnants of Mercerized Suitings

In fact, all cotton remnants are included in this sale and at unheard of prices. **Don't miss the great sale.**

REMNUMANTS! REMNUMANTS!!

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

FEDERAL PROBE IN OIL STOPPED

TESTIMONY ADDUCED WILL BE
USED IN OTHER FIELDS.

JURISDICTION IS INVOLVED

Cases May Be Taken to Chicago, Where
Evidence Secured at Cleveland Is
Likely to Prove of Value
to Prosecution.

Cleveland, O., July 18.—The federal grand jury, which has been in session here investigating alleged violations of the interstate commerce laws and anti-railroad rebate laws, adjourned Tuesday afternoon without bringing any indictments. The investigation was directed particularly concerning the Standard Oil company and the Lake Shore Railroad company, and was the result of testimony of witnesses before the interstate commerce commission here recently in which evidence of alleged rebating by the Lake Shore in favor of the Standard Oil company had been given. The failure to return indictments, it is officially stated, was due to the fact that the investigation developed the fact that the court here was without jurisdiction of the alleged offenses upon which testimony was given and that all of the evidence secured here is to be transferred to the federal officials at Chicago, where the cases are to be prosecuted. Following the discharge of the grand jury, which made no report, District Attorney Sullivan gave out the following statement:

Attorney General Talks.
"On Monday, Attorney General Moody and myself met in the United States attorney's office in New York city and reviewed the evidence brought before the present grand jury relative to alleged violations of the federal law by the Standard Oil company in connection with the transportation and storage of its products by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway company. We came to the conclusion that the afore said testimony fixed the legal jurisdiction for indictment and prosecution elsewhere than in the jurisdiction of the northern district of Ohio, and Special Counsel Oliver E. Pagia confirms our joint opinion in this respect. This confined the inquiry before the present grand jury to an investigation of all alleged violations of law, as they might be the subject of prosecution in other jurisdictions. Valuable Evidence Secured.

"Evidence valuable to the government in any prosecution which may be commenced elsewhere has been adduced before the grand jury, and will probably at once be put into force and effect in the proper jurisdiction, probably Chicago, by the attorney general.

"The attorney general has directed that the summing up of the evidence taken before the present grand jury, the preparation of the case and the conduct of the trial in Chicago be assumed by myself, with the help of a specially appointed assistant attorney general and the United States attorney in Chicago.

No Indictments Returned.
"It appearing under this statement that, under the facts as they now appear, there is no lawful jurisdiction in this particular judicial district, the grand jury did not vote upon the question of indictments at all, but the sitting of that body at the present time was very important in not only developing where the prosecution of the alleged offenses should be had, but also brought out important testimony that can be effectively used all along the line, according to the programme adopted by the attorney general in his earnest and vigorous campaign against corporate and individual violators of the Elkins law and the act to regulate commerce among the states."

City of Misfortune.
Of all European cities Rome has most frequently been in the hands of enemies. It has been entered or sacked more than 40 times since 390 B. C.

FOG WHISTLE FOOLS MOOSE

Excitement Among Big Game In the Woods Around St. John.

Whether or not the fog whistle at the entrance to St. John harbor should be compelled to take out a game license would seem to be a question to be decided by the game commission, says a special dispatch from St. John, N. B., to the New York Tribune. Partridge Island is situated about two miles from the city of St. John, and on it is one of the principal signal stations. A few months ago there was installed on the island a new fog whistle which has been the cause of much excitement among the moose which haunt the woods around the city. This whistle gives a long drawn out blow in a low note and ends the blast with a short, sounding blow two tones lower. The whistle exactly imitates the call of a cow moose and is having the effect of such calls.

It is not uncommon for moose to find their way into the city and walk quietly through the streets during the earlier hours of the day. They are never molested and have grown bold. Since the new fog whistle was established these wandering moose have become more plentiful and there is no doubt that they are attracted by what they think is the call of their mates. The bull moose stroll calmly through Fairville and Lancaster to the water's edge and then attempt to swim to the island. None have ever swum the full distance, for before reaching the island they evidently become aware that things are not what they seem and that there is something wrong with the call. Huntsmen are anxiously awaiting the open season, when the moose are likely to be depleted in numbers.

GILT CORNICES IN YOGNE AGAIN

Any woman who has old-fashioned brass and gilt cornices of colonial days stored in the warehouse may count herself lucky, for they are being restored to favor, says the New York Press. Innumerable objects have the charm of not resenting their relegation to the background. Even if they have been laid away, they probably will look as bright as ever when brought forth to view. The returning of the cornice and old-fashioned curtains made itself felt last winter, when the rooms of a new hotel, which is supposed to represent "the last word" in tasteful and unostentatious decoration, were constructed with cornices covered with cloth just like that used in the window curtains.

HAMMOND ELEVATOR CO.

From J. M. Gibson, Broker, 204 Jackson Block, Janesville.

Chicago, July 8, 1906.

Open High Low Close

Wheat July 77 1/2 78 1/2 77 1/2 77 1/2

Sept 77 1/2 78 1/2 77 1/2 77 1/2

Dec 77 1/2 78 1/2 77 1/2 77 1/2

May 77 1/2 78 1/2 77 1/2 77 1/2

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May 77 1/2 78 1/2 77 1/2 77 1/2

Sept 77 1/2 78 1/2 77 1/2 77 1/2

Dec 77 1/2 78 1/2 77 1/2 77 1/2

May 77 1/2 78 1/2 77 1/2 77 1/2

SCALE LOSSES IN SAN FRANCISCO

PENALIZE CLAIMANTS WHO CAN
NOT PRODUCE BOOKS.

PROBE BY LONDON CONCERN

Manager Seeks to Ascertain Exact Status of His Company Toward Policyholders and Liability Under Quake Clause.

San Francisco, July 18.—Insurance Commissioner Wolf Monday denounced a fraud that he says has been practiced since the fire, when cases of penalizing claimants for the loss of their accounts were brought to his attention.

He says that penalties have been exacted by many of the so-called dollar companies.

Commissioner Wolf is now questioning the right of the companies to deduct a percentage from a claimant's policy because his books were burned. The commissioner commented unfavorably on the effort the "six bit" companies are making to get into the list of "dollar" companies and the tendency of the latter to have a percentage on payments, now that the "dollar for dollar" reputation is established.

Quake Claim Clause.
Roger Owen, manager of the Commercial Union Insurance company of London, who came here a few days ago with other British agents to investigate the local situation, said:

"We are here investigating the facilities, to go into the circumstances and merits of all cases.

"They are not all alike by any means. Of course the earthquake claim clause is the stickler.

"If you ask me personally and individually whether the earthquake clause applies to our losses in San Francisco, I would tell you that it does so apply. But officially, we cannot speak at this time because we have not all the facts. Of course if we can prove that the fires in the city were caused by earthquake, then, we are advised, we are not liable for the losses.

Propose to Be Fair.

"There is also equity involved, for the widows and children shareholders who look to the companies for their dividends and, of course, we have their interests at heart also. The directors are acting in the position of trustees. They have no power to act beyond their contract. They have no more right to cheat the shareholders out of their interests or property than have anyone in the United States to confiscate private property without due process of law.

"We propose fair treatment for all, no preferences; no fish for one and fowl for the other, what we can do, we will do; what we cannot do, we cannot do, even if we would. Of course, it should be remembered, that there is a clause in our policies that this company is not liable at once for the loss occasioned directly or indirectly by invasion, earthquake, insurrection, riot, etc. We expect to be here several weeks, and our decision will be announced by publication as soon as we reach it."

The payment of \$8,000,000 or \$9,000,000 depends on the decision of the British agents.

A Musical Plant

In Nubia there is a strange plant called "Isorah." When the wind blows it sends forth musical sounds closely resembling those of the flute. The natives, who are ignorant, superstitious people regard the plant with dread. There is no reason for this, for the plant gives forth its unusual sounds because of certain thorns at its base. These are pierced with tiny holes by insects who search for the gum in the plant.

Zoological Metaphor

The latest mixed metaphor comes from Warrington. In a caustic attack on the town council a member of the local trades council thundered: "Let us go to the council not like a lamb, but like the wolf, and take the bull by the horns." — London Evening Standard.

Read the want ads.

THE QUEST OF THE GOLDEN GOOSE

In hunting for a business or occupation most people are really hunting for a goose that will lay golden eggs.

The commonest aspiration is to so construct and devise a business enterprise that it becomes almost automatic—so that when the play-fever touches the blood one may "let go," sit at one side, and watch for the daily golden egg with a certainty of its appearance.

Every business man has, in his store or enterprise or venture, a possible golden goose—a present golden gosling. It rests with himself alone whether he will raise the bird or not—whether it will arrive at golden-goosehood or perish from neglect or ignorance.

These birds require much attention, much care—and they must be fed, if you would have them grow to goosehood; and their natural diet is—advertising!

No golden goose was ever raised to a "working age" if the food was stinted, or denied, or adulterated or substituted.

The merchant who "knows things" is satisfied to invest silver in food for the gosling—because, after many days, the silver will return in golden eggs.

Such investment may require a little faith—but more common sense.

Is **your** business enterprise progressing toward **Golden Goosehood?**

VINEYARDS IN PORTUGAL

Grape Growers in Bad Way Over Inability to Dispose of Stored Up Crops.

The distress among the agricultural laborers is taxing, in many parts of Portugal, the resources of the local authorities, especially in the wine districts of the north, where the crisis seems to be most acute. So keen appears to be the distress that the subject has been laid before the parliament.

According to the local press in these districts, whose products in prosperous times are a chief source of the country's wealth, many of the vineyard owners have in their cellars the harvest of two years' grape growth which they are unable to sell, except at a huge sacrifice, and not being able to obtain the cash on which they counted for help from bankers and others to tide over bad times, they have resolved this year to discontinue in many vineyards the hoeing and other indispensable labor. This has led to non-employment of some thousands of hands who could otherwise have counted upon employment.

"Hunger and misery, it is said, are seen everywhere, and the poor starving wretches are spreading themselves over the country, to the detriment of others of the working class whose lot is but little better, and resorting to pilfering and begging to satisfy their needs. Instances are said by the press to have occurred where some men who were considered well to do by men have solved for themselves the question of financial difficulties by resorting to suicide.

Some few years ago a regular fever of vineyard-making spread over the northern half of the country and overproduction has been the result, which wiser Portuguese heads foresaw and avoided, but their warnings were not heeded.

BIRD HAVEN ON THIS FARM

Illinois Agriculturist Who Keeps Close Guard and Provides Shelter for Birds.

John H. Dorris, who owns a large farm northwest of this city, will not allow a bird of any kind to be killed on his land, writes a Harrisburg (Ill.) correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. He has set aside a number of acres to grow up in underbrush, in which all kinds of birds, especially quail, find a home through the winter, and in the summer the place is alive with birds.

Mr. Dorris claims that hawks do very little damage in comparison with the good they do in killing field mice and rats. There are hundreds of quail on his farm, and they have be-

come so tame that they come to the dooryard for feed. So careful does he watch these birds that he can tell where nearly every bird nests in the brooding season. Last fall one of his hired hands, while driving through the lane with a load of hay, saw a quail sitting on the fence close by, and, taking his whip, he knocked it off, slightly crippling it. He picked the bird up and took it to the house to feed to the cat.

When Mr. Dorris saw this he rebuked him warmly, questioned him as to where he found the bird, and upon being told remembered where it had a nest. Unhitching one of the horses and saddling him, he rode a mile and a half, placed the bird on its nest, and watched and cared for her until she hatched out her brood. Mr. Dorris' farm is noticeably free from insects that do damage to crops, and he unhesitatingly says this is due to the birds on the place.

Heat for Sterilizing Milk

It is asserted by high authorities that neither great heat nor long maintenance of the requisite temperature is required to sterilize milk suspected of containing the germs of diseases, such as tuberculosis. The bacilli of that terrible disease are destroyed by a temperature of 105 degrees in five minutes.

Buy it in Janesville.

Milk Drunk by Turks

In Turkey there is a great consumption of the milk of the buffalo, the common cow, the goat and the ewe, but it is hardly ever used in a natural state. According to a paper read at the London Academy of Medicine, the milk is kept at a moderate heat until its bulk is considerably reduced. After slow cooling the milk is treated with a ferment taken from the previous day's supply. In a few hours a kurd-form which is called Yashourt. The preparation is preferred to milk, and it has a pleasant, clean, acid taste, and is, of course, nutritious.

How to Dry Wet Shoes

Never expose leather to the extreme heat of a fire, or it will become hard and liable to crack. Shoes and boots should be dried at a safe distance from the fire, but to expedite the process they may be filled with oats. The damp of the leather will be absorbed by the oats, which may be dried and put away again for future use.

The Dear, Familiar Fling

A postal card mailed in Philadelphia 20 years ago has just been received at its addressed destination in Camden, N. J. It evidently contracted the Philadelphia habit.

Buy it in Janesville.